

NOTES ON INTRODUCTION TO WINDOWS XP AND OFFICE

- Operating system OS = set of computer instructions that govern how computer performs loading, storing, and executing an application program and how to transfer data; controls the allocation of resources such as memory, disk devices, printers, etc.
 - Microsoft Windows, Microsoft Windows XP
- Microsoft Office 2003
 - collection of the popular Microsoft application software products that work similarly and together as if they were one program
 - integrates applications
 - combines them with power of the Internet
 - features = move quickly among applications, transfer text and graphics easily, and interact easily with WWW
- Microsoft Windows XP Operating Systems
 - 32-bit operating system = uses 32bits for addressing and other purposes; in other words, the OS can address more than 4GB of RAM and perform tasks faster
 - Microsoft Windows XP Professional
 - designed for businesses of all sizes and advanced home computing
 - commonly used on computer workstations and portable computers
 - workstation = computer connected to a server
 - server = computer that controls hardware and software on a network and provides a centralized storage area for programs, data, and information
 - easy to use
 - customizable
 - capable of transferring data between documents with ease
 - runs application programs
 - Microsoft Windows XP Home Edition
 - designed for home use and entertainment
 - capable of setting up home network sharing a single Internet connection, scanner/printer, files and folders
 - Microsoft Windows XP Media Center Edition
 - designed for a Media Center PC = home entertainment desktop PC that includes a mid- to high-end processor, large-capacity hard disk, CD, and DVD drives, a remote control, and advanced graphics and audio capabilities
 - Microsoft Windows XP Tablet PC Edition
 - designed for a special type of notebook computer, a Tablet PC
 - Tablet PC = allows you to write on the device's screen using a digital pen and converts handwriting into characters that can be processed
 - Microsoft Windows XP 64-Bit Edition

- designed for use in solving complex scientific problems, developing high-performance design and engineering applications, or creating 3-D animations
- Windows XP Service Pack 2
 - contains advanced security features that protect against viruses, worms, and hackers
 - virus = a set of program instructions that attaches itself to a file, reproduces itself, and spreads to other computers
 - Trojan horse = a computer program that seems to perform one function while actually doing something else
 - stealing passwords
 - service pack = updates that contain fixes and enhancements to the OS
- User Interface = combination of hardware and software that enable users to communicate with and control the computer
 - user-friendly
 - GUI
 - examples of interactions
 - make selections
 - choose icons
 - request information
 - respond to messages
 - hardware associated with user interface
 - monitor, keyboard, mouse
 - Microsoft IntelliMouse/Natural Wireless Laser Mouse 6000
 - 3 buttons
 - primary mouse button (usually left button)
 - secondary mouse button (usually right button)
 - wheel button
 - point = move the mouse across a flat surface until mouse pointer rests on the item of choice
 - click = you press and release the primary mouse button
 - right-click
- Plugging a USB Flash drive into a USB Port
- File Management in Windows Explorer = copying, moving, renaming, and deleting files and folders on the computer
 - Copying files
 - source drive/source folder
 - destination drive/destination folder
 - Methods
 - right-dragging
 - Renaming files and folders
 - Deleting files